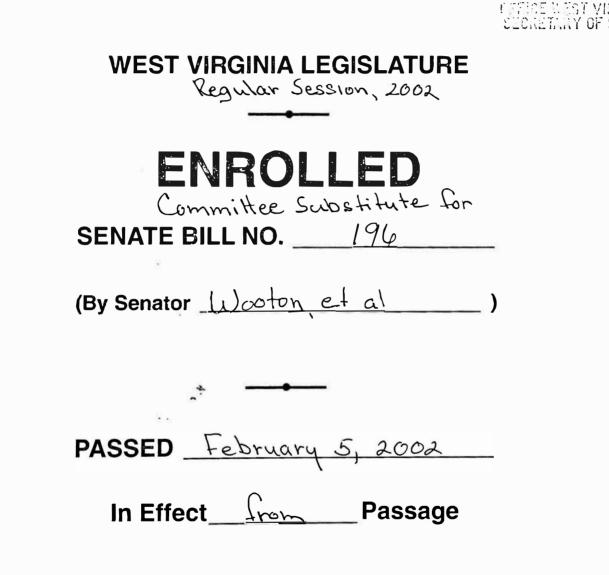
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OFFICE WEST VIRGINIA SECRETARY OF STATE

ENROLLED

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

Senate Bill No. 196

(Senators Wooton, Burnette, Hunter, Kessler, Oliverio, Redd, Ross, Rowe, Snyder, Facemyer, Deem, Mccabe, Mckenzie and Minard, *original sponsors*)

[Passed February 5, 2002; in effect from passage.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections twenty-nine, thirty and thirty-four, article one, chapter three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend and reenact sections seven and nineteen, article two of said chapter; to amend and reenact sections two-a, three, four, seven, eight and eleven, article three of said chapter; to amend and reenact sections ten and twenty, article four of said chapter; to amend and reenact sections three, nineteen-a and twenty-one, article four-a of said chapter; to amend and reenact section thirteen, article five of said chapter; to amend and reenact sections two, four-a and six, article six of said chapter; to amend and reenact section six, article seven of said chapter; to amend and reenact section four-a, article

eight of said chapter; and to amend and reenact section thirteen, article five, chapter eight of said code, all relating to election laws generally; defining term "election official trainee"; providing for the discretionary appointment of election official trainees; requiring county executive committees to nominate certain number of alternates to serve as election officials; authorizing governing bodies to confirm qualifications of persons nominated to serve as election officials; removing requirement that election officials appointed on election day be from same political party as person originally appointed to serve; prohibiting candidates from assisting persons who are voting; eliminating inconsistencies relating to extended hours of voter registration; establishing when separate municipal precinct books must be maintained; eliminating prohibition on presence of metal detectors in absentee voting location of courthouse; reducing the time period in which persons may vote a regular absentee ballot; changing the process of delivery and counting of certain absentee ballots; authorizing county clerks to determine whether absentee ballots should be counted at the precincts or the central counting center; requiring election officials to report certain findings to the prosecuting attorney; permitting absentee ballots without proper signatures of election officials to be counted in certain circumstances; providing for the use of electronic voting or direct recording election equipment where available for absentee voting; shortening time period in which county commissions may adopt electronic voting systems; providing for application of amendment; permitting ballots voted on election day without propersignatures of election officials to be counted in certain circumstances; authorizing language on ballot describing fact that no candidates are listed for vacant positions; making certain technical revisions; eliminating filing fee for write-in candidates; providing options for the counting of absentee ballots in paper ballot systems; clarifying certain language pertaining to election contests and confirming applicability of law to municipal elections; authorizing the reopening of political party committees for a limited period of time; and requiring municipalities to maintain permanent registration of voters.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections twenty-nine, thirty and thirty-four, article one, chapter three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that sections seven and nineteen, article two of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that sections two-a, three, four, seven, eight and eleven, article three of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that sections ten and twenty, article four of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that sections three, nineteena and twenty-one, article four-a of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that section thirteen, article five of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that sections two, four-a and six, article six of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that section six, article seven of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that section four-a, article eight of said chapter be amended and reenacted; and that section thirteen, article five, chapter eight of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

CHAPTER 3. ELECTIONS.

ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS AND DEFINITIONS.

§3-1-29. Boards of election officials; definitions, composition of boards, determination of number and type.

1 (a) For the purpose of this article:

(1) The term "standard receiving board" means those 2 3 election officials charged with conducting the process of 4 voting within a precinct and consists of five persons, including one team of poll clerks, one team of election 5 6 commissioners for the ballot box and one additional election commissioner: Provided, That if a municipal 7 election is held at a time when there is no county or state 8 election, then the standard receiving board is to consist of 9 four persons, including one team of poll clerks and one 10 team of election commissioners for the ballot box; 11

12 (2) The term "expanded receiving board" means a 13 standard receiving board as defined in subdivision (1) of 14 this subsection and one additional team of poll clerks;

15. (3) The term "counting board" means those electionofficials charged with counting the ballots at the precinct

in counties using paper ballots and includes one team of
poll clerks, one team of election commissioners and one
additional commissioner;

(4) The term "team of poll clerks" or "team of election
commissioners" means two persons appointed by opposite
political parties to perform the specific functions of the
office: *Provided*, That no team of poll clerks or team of
election commissioners may consist of two persons with
the same registered political party affiliation or two
persons registered with no political party affiliation; and

(5) The term "election official trainee" means an
individual who is sixteen or seventeen years of age who
meets the requirements of subdivisions (2), (3), (4), (5) and
(6), subsection (a), section twenty-eight of this article who
serves as a trainee to the standard receiving board on a
volunteer basis by assisting the standard receiving board
in performing its official duties and who receives credits
for an official community service program as may be
required to obtain a high school diploma.

36 (b) The composition of boards of election officials shall37 be as follows:

(1) In any primary, general or special election other than
a presidential primary or presidential general election,
each election precinct is to have one standard receiving
board;

42 (2) In presidential primary and presidential general
43 elections, each election precinct is to have one receiving
44 board as follows:

45 (A) For precincts of less than five hundred registered
46 voters, one standard receiving board;

47 (B) For precincts of five hundred to seven hundred
48 registered voters, one standard receiving board or, at the
49 discretion of the county commission, one expanded receiv50 ing board; and

51 (C) For precincts of more than seven hundred registered
52 voters, one expanded receiving board;

53 (3) In any election conducted using paper ballots,
54 counting boards may be allowed, disallowed or required as
55 follows:

56 (A) For any state, county or municipal special election,57 no counting board may be allowed;

(B) In a statewide primary or general election, one
counting board is required for any precinct of more than
four hundred registered voters and one counting board
may be allowed, at the discretion of the county commission, for any precinct of at least two hundred but no more
than four hundred registered voters; and

64 (C) In a municipal primary or general election, one
65 counting board may be allowed, at the discretion of the
66 municipal governing body, for any precinct of more than
67 two hundred registered voters.

68 (c) For each primary and general election in the county, the county commission shall designate the number and 69 type of election boards for the various precincts according 70 71 to the provisions of this section. At least eighty-four days before each primary and general election the county 72 commission shall notify the county executive committees 73 74 of the two major political parties in writing of the number of nominations which may be made for poll clerks and 75 76 election commissioners.

(d) For each municipal election, the governing body of
the municipality shall perform the duties of the county
commission as provided in this section.

(e) For each primary, general or special election in the
county, the county commission, and for each municipal
election, the governing body of the municipality, may
appoint one or two election official trainees for each
precinct.

§3-1-30. Nomination and appointment of election officials and alternates; notice of appointment; appointment to fill vacancies in election boards.

(a) For any primary, general or special election held 1 throughout a county, poll clerks and election commission-2 3 ers may be nominated as follows:

4 (1) The county executive committee for each of the two major political parties may, by a majority vote of the 5 committee at a duly called meeting, nominate one qualified 6 7 person for each team of poll clerks and one qualified 8 person for each team of election commissioners to be 9 appointed for the election;

10 (2) The appointing body shall select one qualified person as the additional election commissioner for each board of 11 election officials: 12

13 (3) Each county executive committee shall also nominate 14 qualified persons as alternates for at least ten percent of 15 the poll clerks and election commissioners to be appointed in the county and is authorized to nominate as many 16 17 qualified persons as alternates as there are precincts in the 18 county to be called upon to serve in the event any of the 19 persons originally appointed fail to accept appointment or 20 fail to appear for the required training or for the prepara-21 tion or execution of their duties;

22 (4) When an executive committee nominates qualified persons as poll clerks, election commissioners or alternates, 23 24 the committee, or its chairman or secretary on its behalf, 25 shall file in writing with the appointing body, no later than 26 the fifty-sixth day before the election, a list of those 27 persons nominated and the positions for which they are 28 designated.

29 (b) For any municipal primary, general or special elec-30

tion, the poll clerks and election commissioners may be 31

nominated as follows:

(1) In municipalities which have municipal executive
committees for the two major political parties in the
municipality, each committee may nominate election
officials in the manner provided for the nomination of
election officials by county executive committees in
subsection (a) of this section;

(2) In municipalities which do not have executive
committees, the governing body shall provide by ordinance
for a method of nominating election officials or shall
nominate as many eligible persons as are required, giving
due consideration to any recommendations made by voters
of the municipality or by candidates on the ballot.

44 (c) The governing body responsible for appointing45 election officials is:

46 (1) The county commission for any primary, general or
47 special election ordered by the county commission and any
48 joint county and municipal election;

49 (2) The board of education for any special election
50 ordered by the board of education conducted apart from
51 any other election;

52 (3) The municipal governing body for any primary,
53 general or special municipal election ordered by the
54 governing body.

(d) The qualifications for persons nominated to serve as
election officials may be confirmed prior to appointment
by the clerk of the county commission for any election
ordered by the county commission or for any joint county
and municipal election and by the official recorder of the
municipality for a municipal election.

61 (e) The appropriate governing body shall appoint the 62 election officials for each designated election board no 63 later than the forty-ninth day before the election as 64 follows:

(1) Those eligible persons whose nominations for poll
clerk and election commissioner were timely filed by the
executive committees and those additional persons selected
to serve as an election commissioner are to be appointed;

69 (2) The governing body shall fill any positions for which70 no nominations were filed.

(f) At the same time as the appointment of election 71 72 officials or at a subsequent meeting, the governing body shall appoint persons as alternates: Provided, That no 73 alternate may be eligible for compensation for election 74 training unless the alternate is subsequently appointed as 75 an election official, or is instructed to attend and actually 76 attends training as an alternate, and, if called to do so, also 77 serves at the polls on election day. Alternates shall be 78 appointed and serve as follows: 79

80 (1) Those alternates nominated by the executive commit-81 tees shall be appointed;

(2) The governing body may appoint additional alternates who may be called upon to fill vacancies after all
alternates designated by the executive committees have
been assigned, have declined to serve or have failed to
attend training; and

87 (3) The governing body may determine the number of
88 persons who may be instructed to attend training as
89 alternates.

(g) The clerk of the county commission shall appoint
qualified persons to fill all vacancies existing after all
previously appointed alternates have been assigned, have
declined to serve or have failed to attend training.

(h) Within seven days following appointment, the clerk
of the county commission shall notify, by first-class mail,
all election commissioners, poll clerks and alternates of the
fact of their appointment and include with the notice a
response notice form for the appointed person to return

99 indicating whether or not he or she agrees to serve in the100 specified capacity in the election.

(i) The position of any person notified of appointment
who fails to return the response notice or otherwise
confirm to the clerk of the county commission his or her
agreement to serve within fourteen days following the date
of appointment is considered vacant and the clerk shall
proceed to fill the vacancies according to the provisions of
this section.

(j) If an appointed election official fails to appear at the
polling place by forty-five minutes past five o'clock a.m. on
election day, the election officials present shall contact the
office of the clerk of the county commission for assistance
in filling the vacancy and the clerk shall proceed as
follows:

(1) The clerk may attempt to contact the person originally appointed, may assign an alternate nominated by the
same political party as the person absent if one is available
or, if no alternate is available, may appoint another
eligible person;

(2) If the election officials present are unable to contact
the clerk within a reasonable time, they shall diligently
attempt to fill the position with an eligible person of the
same political party as the party that nominated the person
absent until a qualified person has agreed to serve;

(3) If two teams of election officials, as defined in section
twenty-nine of this article, are present at the polling place,
the person appointed to fill a vacancy in the position of the
additional commissioner may be of either political party.

(k) In a municipal election, the recorder or other official
designated by charter or ordinance to perform election
responsibilities shall perform the duties of the clerk of the
county commission as provided in this section.

§3-1-34. Voting procedures generally; assistance to voters; voting records; penalties.

(a) Any person desiring to vote in an election shall, upon entering the election room, clearly state his or her name 1 2 and residence to one of the poll clerks who shall thereupon 3 announce the same in a clear and distinct tone of voice. If 4 that person is found to be duly registered as a voter at that 5 precinct, he or she shall be required to sign his or her name 6 in the space marked "signature of voter" on the pollbook 7 prescribed and provided for the precinct. If that person is 8 physically or otherwise unable to sign his or her name, his 9 or her mark shall be affixed by one of the poll clerks in the 10 presence of the other and the name of the poll clerk 11 affixing the voter's mark shall be indicated immediately 12 under the affixation. No ballot may be given to the person 13 until he or she so signs his or her name on the pollbook or 14 his or her signature is so affixed thereon. 15

(b) The clerk of the county commission is authorized, 16 upon verification that the precinct at which a handicapped 17 person is registered to vote is not handicap accessible, to 18 19 transfer that person's registration to the nearest polling 20 place in the county which is handicap accessible. Requests 21 by these persons for a transfer of registration shall be 22 received by the county clerk no later than thirty days prior 23 to the date of the election. Any handicapped person who 24 has not made a request for a transfer of registration at 25 least thirty days prior to the date of the election may vote 26 a challenged ballot at a handicap accessible polling place in the county of his or her registration and, if during the 27 28 canvass the county commission determines that the person 29 had been registered in a precinct not handicap accessible, 30 the voted ballot, if otherwise valid, shall be counted. The handicapped person may vote in the precinct to which the 31 32 registration was transferred only as long as the disability 33 exists or the precinct from which the handicapped person was transferred remains inaccessible to the handicapped. 34 35 To ensure confidentiality of the transferred ballot, the

county clerk processing the ballot shall provide the voter
with an unmarked envelope and an outer envelope designated "challenged ballot/handicapped voter". After
validation of the ballot at the canvass, the outer envelope
shall be destroyed and the handicapped voter's ballot shall
be placed with other approved challenged ballots prior to
removal of the ballot from the unmarked envelope.

43 (c) When the voter's signature is properly on the 44 pollbook, the two poll clerks shall sign their names in the places indicated on the back of the official ballot and shall 45 46 deliver the ballot to the voter to be voted by him or her 47 then without leaving the election room. If he or she returns the ballot spoiled to the clerks, they shall immedi-48 49 ately mark the ballot "spoiled" and it shall be preserved 50 and placed in a spoiled ballot envelope together with other 51 spoiled ballots to be delivered to the board of canvassers 52 and deliver to the voter another official ballot, signed by the clerks on the reverse side as before done. The voter 53 54 shall thereupon retire alone to the booth or compartment prepared within the election room for voting purposes and 55 56 there prepare his or her ballot, using a ballpoint pen of not less than five inches in length or other indelible marking 57 device of not less than five inches in length. In voting for 58 candidates in general and special elections, the voter shall 59 comply with the rules and procedures prescribed in section 60 61 five, article six of this chapter.

62 (d) It is the duty of a poll clerk, in the presence of the other poll clerk, to indicate by a check mark inserted in the 63 appropriate place on the registration record of each voter 64 the fact that the voter voted in the election. In primary 65 elections the clerk shall also insert thereon a distinguishing 66 initial or initials of the political party for whose candidates 67 the voter voted. If a person is challenged at the polls, the 68 challenge shall be indicated by the poll clerks on the 69 registration record together with the name of the chal-70 lenger. The subsequent removal of the challenge shall be 71 recorded on the registration record by the clerk of the 72 county commission. 73

(e)(1) No voter may receive any assistance in voting
unless, by reason of blindness, disability, advanced age or
inability to read and write, that voter is unable to vote
without assistance. Any voter qualified to receive assistance in voting under the provisions of this section may:

(A) Declare his or her choice of candidates to an election
commissioner of each political party who, in the presence
of the voter and in the presence of each other, shall prepare
the ballot for voting in the manner hereinbefore provided
and, on request, shall read over to the voter the names of
candidates on the ballot as so prepared;

(B) Require the election commissioners to indicate to him
or her the relative position of the names of the candidates
on the ballot, whereupon the voter shall retire to one of the
booths or compartments to prepare his or her ballot in the
manner hereinbefore provided;

90 (C) Be assisted by any person of the voter's choice, other
91 than the voter's present or former employer or agent of
92 that employer, the officer or agent of a labor union of
93 which the voter is a past or present member, or a candidate
94 on the ballot; or

(D) If he or she is handicapped, vote from an automobile,
outside the polling place or precinct, in the presence of an
election commissioner of each political party if all of the
following conditions are met:

99 (i) The polling place is not handicap accessible; and

(ii) No voters are voting or waiting to vote inside thepolling place.

(2) Any voter who requests assistance in voting but who
is believed not to be qualified for such assistance under the
provisions of this section shall nevertheless be permitted to
vote a challenged ballot with the assistance of any person
herein authorized to render assistance.

107 (3) Any one or more of the election commissioners or poll 108 clerks in the precinct may challenge the ballot on the 109 ground that the voter thereof received assistance in voting 110 it when in his or their opinion that the person who received 111 assistance in voting is not so illiterate, blind, disabled or of 112 such advanced age as to have been unable to vote without 113 assistance. The election commissioner or poll clerk or 114 commissioners or poll clerks making the challenge shall 115 enter the challenge and reason therefor on the form and in 116 the manner prescribed or authorized by article three of this 117 chapter.

(4) An election commissioner or other person who assistsa voter in voting:

120 (A) May not in any manner request or seek to persuade or 121 induce the voter to vote any particular ticket or for any 122 particular candidate or for or against any public question 123 and must not keep or make any memorandum or entry of anything occurring within the voting booth or compart-124 125 ment and must not, directly or indirectly, reveal to any person the name of any candidate voted for by the voter or 126 which ticket he or she had voted or how he or she had 127 voted on any public question or anything occurring within 128 the voting booth or compartment or voting machine booth 129 except when required pursuant to law to give testimony as 130 to the matter in a judicial proceeding; and 131

132 (B) Shall sign a written oath or affirmation before assisting the voter on a form prescribed by the secretary of 133 state stating that he or she will not override the actual 134 preference of the voter being assisted, attempt to influence 135 the voter's choice or mislead the voter into voting for 136 someone other than the candidate of voter's choice. The 137 person assisting the voter shall also swear or affirm that he 138 or she believes that the voter is voting free of intimidation 139 or manipulation: Provided, That no person providing 140 assistance to a voter is required to sign an oath or affirma-141 tion where the reason for requesting assistance is the 142 voter's inability to vote without assistance because of 143

blindness as defined in section three, article fifteen,
chapter five of this code and the inability to vote without
assistance because of blindness is certified in writing by a
physician of the voter's choice and is on file in the office of
the clerk of the county commission.

(5) In accordance with instructions issued by the secre-149 tary of state, the clerk of the county commission shall 150 provide a form entitled "list of assisted voters", the form 151 of which list shall likewise be prescribed by the secretary 152 of state. The commissioners shall enter the name of each 153 voter receiving assistance in voting the ballot, together 154 with the poll slip number of that voter and the signature of 155 the person or the commissioner from each party who 156 assisted the voter. If no voter has been assisted in voting 157 the ballot as herein provided, the commissioners shall 158 likewise make and subscribe to an oath of that fact on the 159 160 list.

161 (f) After preparing the ballot the voter shall fold the 162 same so that the face is not exposed and so that the names of the poll clerks thereon are seen. The voter shall then 163 164 announce his or her name and present his or her ballot to one of the commissioners who shall hand the same to 165 166 another commissioner, of a different political party, who 167 shall deposit it in the ballot box if the ballot is the official one and properly signed. The commissioner of election 168 169 may inspect every ballot before it is deposited in the ballot 170 box to ascertain whether it is single, but without unfolding or unrolling it so as to disclose its content. When the voter 171 has voted, he or she shall retire immediately from the 172 173 election room and beyond the sixty-foot limit thereof and 174 may not return except by permission of the commissioners.

(g) Following the election, the oaths or affirmations
required by this section from those assisting voters,
together with the "list of assisted voters", shall be returned
by the election commissioners to the clerk of the county
commission along with the election supplies, records and
returns, who shall make the oaths, affirmations and list

available for public inspection and who shall preserve
these for a period of twenty-two months or until disposition is authorized or directed by the secretary of state, or
court of record.

185 (h) Any person making an oath or affirmation required 186 under the provisions of this section who knowingly swears 187 falsely or any person who counsels, advises, aids or abets 188 another in the commission of false swearing under this 189 section is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction 190 thereof, shall be fined not more than one thousand dollars 191 or imprisoned in the county or regional jail for a period of 192 not more than one year, or both fined and imprisoned.

193 (i) Any election commissioner or poll clerk who autho-194 rizes or provides unchallenged assistance to a voter when 195 the voter is known to the election commissioner or poll 196 clerk not to require assistance in voting is guilty of a felony 197 and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than five thousand dollars or imprisoned in a state correctional 198 199 facility for a period of not less than one year nor more than five years, or both fined and imprisoned. 200

ARTICLE 2. REGISTRATION OF VOTERS.

§3-2-7. Hours and days of registration in the office of the clerk of the county commission; in-person application for voter registration; identification required.

(a) The clerk of the county commission shall provide 1 voter registration services at all times when the office of 2 the clerk is open for regular business. In addition, the 3 office of the clerk shall remain open for voter registration 4 from 9:00 a.m. until 8:00 p.m. on the two weekdays imme-5 diately preceding the close of registration for statewide 6 primary and general elections, other than legal holidays, 7 and from 9:00 a.m. until 5:00 p.m. on the Saturday prior to 8 the close of registration for statewide primary and general 9 elections. 10

(b) Any eligible voter who desires to apply for voterregistration in person at the office of the clerk of the

13 county commission shall complete a voter registration

13 county commission shall complete14 application on the prescribed form and shall sign the oath

14 application on the presence of the clerk of 15 required on that application in the presence of the clerk of

16 the county commission or his or her deputy. The applicant

- 17 shall then present valid identification and proof of age,
- 18 except that the clerk may waive the proof of age require-
- 19 ment if the applicant is clearly over the age of eighteen.

(c) The clerk shall attempt to establish whether the
residence address given is within the boundaries of an
incorporated municipality and, if so, make the proper
entry required for municipal residents to be properly
identified for municipal voter registration purposes.

(d) Upon receipt of the completed registration applica-tion, the clerk shall either:

(1) Provide a notice of procedure for verification and
notice of disposition of the application and immediately
begin the verification process prescribed by the provisions
of section sixteen of this article; or

- 31 (2) Upon presentation of a current driver's license or
- 32 state-issued identification card containing the residence
- 33 address as it appears on the voter registration application,
- 34 issue the receipt of registration.

§3-2-19. Maintenance of active and inactive registration files in precinct record books and county alphabetical registration file.

(a) Each county shall continue to maintain a record of
 each active and inactive voter registration in precinct
 registration books until the state uniform data system is
 adopted pursuant to the provisions of section twenty of
 this article, fully implemented and given final approval by
 the secretary of state. The precinct registration books shall
 be maintained as follows:

8 (1) Each active voter registration shall be entered in the

9 precinct book or books for the county precinct in which the

10 voter's residence is located and shall be filed alphabeti-

cally by name, alphabetically within categories, or by
numerical street address, as determined by the clerk of the
county commission for the effective administration of
registration and elections. No active voter registration
record shall be removed from the precinct registration
books unless the registration is lawfully transferred or
canceled pursuant to the provisions of this article.

18 (2) Each voter registration which is designated "inactive" 19 pursuant to the procedures prescribed in section twenty-20 seven of this article shall be retained in the precinct book 21for the county precinct in which the voter's last recorded 22 residence address is located until the time period expires 23 for which a record must remain on the inactive files. Every 24 inactive registration shall be clearly identified by a prominent tag or notation or arranged in a separate section 25 in the precinct book clearly denoting the registration 26 status. No inactive voter registration record shall be 27 28 removed from the precinct registration books unless the registration is lawfully transferred or canceled pursuant to 29 the provisions of this article. 30

(b) For municipal elections, the registration records of
 active and inactive voters shall be maintained as follows:

(1) County precinct books shall be used in municipal 33 elections when the county precinct boundaries and the 34 35 municipal precinct boundaries are the same and all registrants of the precinct are entitled to vote in state, 36 county and municipal elections within the precinct or 37 when the registration records of municipal voters within a 38 county precinct are separated and maintained in a separate 39 municipal section or book for that county precinct and can 40 be used either alone or in combination with other precinct 41 books to make up a complete set of registration records for 42 the municipal election precinct. 43

(2) Upon request of the municipality, and if the clerk of
the county commission does not object, separate municipal
precinct books shall be maintained in cases where municipal or ward boundaries divide county precincts and it is

48 impractical to use county precinct books or separate 49 municipal sections of those precinct books. If the clerk of 50 the county commission objects to the request of a munici-51 pality for separate municipal precinct books, the state 52 election commission must determine whether the separate 53 municipal precinct books should be maintained.

(3) No registration record may be removed from a
municipal registration record unless the registration is
lawfully transferred or canceled pursuant to the provisions
of this article in both the county and the municipal registration records.

59 (c) No later than the first day of January, one thousand 60 nine hundred ninety-five, and within thirty days following the entry of any annexation order or change in street 61 62 names or numbers, the governing body of an incorporated municipality shall file with the clerk of the county com-63 64 mission a certified current official municipal boundary 65 map and a list of streets and ranges of street numbers 66 within the municipality to assist the clerk in determining 67 whether a voter's address is within the boundaries of the 68 municipality.

69 (d) Each county, so long as precinct registration books 70 are maintained, shall maintain a duplicate record of every 71 active and inactive voter registration in a county alphabetical file. The alphabetical file may be maintained on 72 individual paper forms or, upon approval of the secretary 73 of state of a qualified data storage program, may be 74 maintained in digitized format. A qualified data storage 75 program shall be required to contain the same information 76 for each voter registration as the precinct books, shall be 77 subject to proper security from unauthorized alteration 78 and shall be regularly duplicated to backup data storage to 79 prevent accidental destruction of the information on file. 80

ARTICLE 3. VOTING BY ABSENTEES.

§3-3-2a. Voting booths within public view to be provided; prohibition against display of campaign material.

Throughout the period of absentee voting in person, the
 official designated to supervise and conduct absentee
 voting shall make the following provisions for voting:

4 (1) The official shall provide a sufficient number of 5 voting booths or devices appropriate to the voting system 6 at which voters may prepare their ballots. The booths or 7 devices are to be in an area separate from but within clear 8 view of the public entrance area of the official's office or other area designated by the county commission for 9 10 absentee voting and are to be arranged to ensure the voter complete privacy in casting the ballot. 11

12 (2) The official shall make the voting area secure from 13 interference with the voter and shall ensure that voted and 14 unvoted ballots are at all times secure from tampering. No person, other than a person lawfully assisting the voter 15 16 according to the provisions of this chapter, may be permit-17 ted to come within five feet of the voting booth while the 18 voter is voting. No person, other than the officials or employees of the official designated to supervise and 19 20 conduct absentee voting or members of the board of ballot commissioners assigned to conduct absentee voting, may 21 22 enter the area or room set aside for voting.

(3) The official designated to supervise and conduct
absentee voting shall request the county commission
designate another area within the county courthouse or
any annex of the courthouse as a portion of the official's
office for the purpose of absentee voting in the following
circumstances:

29 (A) If the voting area is not accessible to voters with30 physical disabilities;

(B) If the voting area is not within clear view of the
public entrance of the office of the official designated to
supervise and conduct absentee voting; or

34 (C) If there is no suitable area for absentee voting within 35 the office.

Any designated area is subject to the same requirementsas the regular absentee voting area.

(4) No person may do any electioneering nor may any 38 person display or distribute in any manner, or authorize 39 the display or distribution of, any literature, posters or 40 material of any kind which tends to influence the voting 41 for or against any candidate or any public question on the 42 property of the county courthouse or any annex facilities 43 during the entire period of regular in-person absentee 44 voting. The official designated to supervise and conduct 45 absentee voting is hereby authorized to remove the mate-46 rial and to direct the sheriff of the county to enforce the 47 prohibition. 48

§3-3-3. Voting an absentee ballot in person.

(a) Regular absentee voting in person is to be conducted 1 during regular business hours beginning on the fifteenth 2 3 day before the election and continuing through 1:00 p.m. 4 the Monday before the election for any election held on a 5 Tuesday, or continuing through 1:00 p.m. the day before 6 the election for any election held on another day. For any 7 election held on a Tuesday, regular absentee voting in person is to be available from 9:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. on the 8 9 Saturday before the election.

10 (b) Special absentee voting in person for persons eligible to vote an absentee ballot under the provisions of subsec-11 tion (c), section one of this article is to be conducted during 12 regular business hours in the office of the official desig-13 nated to supervise and conduct absentee voting beginning 14 on the forty-second day before the election and continuing 15 until the first day when regular absentee voting in person 16 begins. Any person seeking to vote absentee under this 17 subsection is to first give an affidavit, on a form prescribed 18 by the secretary of state, stating under oath the specific 19 20 circumstances which prevent voting absentee during the period for regular absentee voting in person or by mail. 21

22 (c) Upon oral request, the official designated to supervise 23 and conduct absentee voting shall provide the voter with 24 the appropriate application for voting absentee in person, 25 as provided in this article. The voter shall complete and 26 sign the application in his or her own handwriting or, if the 27 voter is unable to complete the application because of 28 illiteracy or physical disability, the person assisting the 29 voter and witnessing the mark of the voter shall sign his or 30 her name in the space provided.

31 (d) Upon completion, the application is to be immedi32 ately returned to the official designated to supervise and
33 conduct absentee voting who shall determine:

34 (1) Whether the application has been completed as35 required by law;

36 (2) Whether the applicant is duly registered to vote in the
37 precinct of his or her residence and, in a primary election,
38 is qualified to vote the ballot of the political party re39 quested; and

40 (3) Whether the applicant is authorized for the reasons
41 given in the application to vote an absentee ballot by
42 personal appearance during the special absentee voting
43 period at the time of the application.

(e) If the official designated to supervise and conduct
absentee voting determines the conditions provided in
subsection (d) of this section have not been met, or has
evidence that any of the information contained in the
application is not true, the clerk shall challenge the voter's
absentee ballot as provided in this article.

50 (f) The official designated to supervise and conduct 51 absentee voting shall provide each person voting an 52 absentee ballot in person the following items to be printed 53 as prescribed by the secretary of state:

54 (1) One of each type of official absentee ballot the voter55 is eligible to vote, prepared according to law;

(2) For all punch card and paper ballot voting and for
optical scan ballots voted after election supplies are
delivered to the election supply commissioner, one envelope, unsealed, which may have no marks except the
designation "Absent Voter's Ballot Envelope No. 1" and
printed instructions to the voter;

62 (3) For all punch card and paper ballot voting and for
63 optical scan ballots voted after election supplies are
64 delivered to the election supply commissioner, one enve65 lope, unsealed, designated "Absent Voter's Ballot Envelope
66 No. 2"; and

67 (4) For optical scan voting systems, ballots, a secrecy
68 sleeve and access to a ballot box secured by two locks with
69 keys kept by the president of the county commission and
70 the county clerk.

71 (g) The voter shall enter the voting booth alone and there mark the ballot: Provided, That the voter may have 72 assistance in voting according to the provisions of section 73 four of this article. After the voter has voted the ballot or 74 75 ballots, the punch card and paper absentee voter shall: (1) Place the ballot or ballots in envelope no. 1 and seal that 76 envelope; (2) place the sealed envelope no. 1 in envelope no. 77 2 and seal that envelope; (3) complete and sign the forms 78 on envelope no. 2; and (4) return that envelope to the 79 official designated to supervise and conduct the absentee 80 voting. 81

(h) Upon receipt of the sealed envelope, the officialdesignated to supervise and conduct the absentee votingshall:

85 (1) Enter onto the envelope any other required informa-86 tion;

87 (2) Enter the challenge, if any, to the ballot;

(3) Enter the required information into the permanent
record of persons applying for and voting an absentee
ballot in person; and

91 (4) Place the sealed envelope in a secure location in the
92 official's office, to remain until delivered to the polling
93 place or, in the case of a challenged ballot, to the board of
94 canvassers.

§3-3-4. Assistance to voter in voting an absent voter's ballot by personal appearance; penalties.

1 (a) Any registered voter who requires assistance to vote 2 by reason of blindness, disability, advanced age or inabil-3 ity to read and write may be given assistance by a person 4 of the voter's choice: *Provided*, That the assistance may 5 not be given by the voter's present or former employer or 6 agent of that employer, by the officer or agent of a labor 7 union of which the voter is a past or present member or by 8 a candidate on the ballot.

9 (b) Any voter who requests assistance in voting an absent 10 voter's ballot but who is determined by the official designated to supervise and conduct absentee voting not to be 11 qualified for assistance under the provisions of this section 12 and section thirty-four, article one of this chapter may vote 13 a challenged absent voter's ballot with the assistance of 14 any person authorized to render assistance pursuant to this 15 section. The official designated to supervise and conduct 16 17 absentee voting shall in this case challenge the absent voter's ballot on the basis of his or her determination that 18 the voter is not qualified for assistance. 19

(c) Any one or more of the election commissioners or poll
clerks in the precinct to which an absent voter's ballot has
been sent may challenge the ballot on the ground that the
voter received assistance in voting it when in his or their
opinion: (1) The person who received the assistance in
voting the absent voter's ballot did not require assistance;
or (2) the person who provided the assistance in voting did

not make an affidavit as required by this section. The
election commissioner or poll clerk or commissioners or
poll clerks making a challenge shall enter the challenge
and reason for the challenge on the form and in the manner

31 prescribed or authorized by this article.

32 (d) Before entering the voting booth or compartment, the 33 person who intends to provide a voter assistance in voting 34 shall make an affidavit, the form of which is to be prescribed by the secretary of state, that he or she will not in 35 36 any manner request or seek to persuade or induce the voter 37 to vote any particular ticket or for any particular candidate or for or against any public question and that he or 38 she will not keep or make any memorandum or entry of 39 40 anything occurring within the voting booth or compartment and that he or she will not, directly or indirectly, 41 reveal to any person the name of any candidate voted for 42 43 by the voter or which ticket he or she had voted or how he or she had voted on any public question or anything 44 occurring within the voting booth or compartment or 45 voting machine booth, except when required pursuant to 46 47 law to give testimony as to the matter in a judicial pro-48 ceeding.

(e) In accordance with instructions issued by the secre-49 50 tary of state, the official designated to supervise and 51 conduct absentee voting shall provide a form entitled "List of Assisted Voters", prescribed by the secretary of state, 52 which list is to be divided into two parts. Part A is to be 53 entitled "Unchallenged Assisted Voters" and Part B is to 54 be entitled "Challenged Assisted Voters". Under Part A, 55 the official designated to supervise and conduct absentee 56 voting shall enter the name of each voter receiving unchal-57 lenged assistance in voting an absent voter's ballot, the 58 address of the voter assisted, the nature of the disability 59 which qualified the voter for assistance in voting an absent 60 voter's ballot, the name of the person providing the voter 61 62 with assistance in voting an absent voter's ballot, the fact that the person rendering the assistance in voting made 63

64 and subscribed to the oath required by this section and the 65 signature of the official designated to supervise and 66 conduct absentee voting certifying to the fact that he or 67 she had determined that the voter who received assistance 68 in voting an absent voter's ballot was qualified to receive 69 the assistance under the provisions of this section. Under 70 Part B, the official designated to supervise and conduct 71 absentee voting shall enter the name of each voter receiv-72 ing challenged assistance in voting, the address of the voter 73 receiving challenged assistance, the reason for the chal-74 lenge and the name of the person providing the challenged 75 voter with assistance in voting. At the close of the period provided for voting an absent voter's ballot by personal 76 77 appearance, the official designated to supervise and 78 conduct absentee voting shall make and subscribe to an 79 oath on the list that the list is correct in all particulars; if no voter has been assisted in voting an absent voter's ballot 80 81 as provided in this section, the official designated to 82 supervise and conduct absentee voting shall make and subscribe to an oath of that fact on the list. The "List of 83 Assisted Voters" is to be available for public inspection in 84 85 the office of the official designated to supervise and 86 conduct absentee voting during regular business hours 87 throughout the period provided for voting an absent 88 voter's ballot by personal appearance and, unless otherwise directed by the secretary of state, the official shall transmit 89 the list, together with the affidavits, applications and 90 absent voters' ballots, to the precincts on election day. 91

92 (f) Following the election, the affidavits required by this section from persons providing assistance in voting, 93 together with the "List of Assisted Voters", are to be 94 returned by the election commissioners to the clerk of the 95 96 county commission, along with the election supplies, records and returns, who shall make the oaths and list 97 98 available for public inspection and who shall preserve the oaths and list for twenty-two months or, if under order of 99 the court, until their destruction or other disposition is 100 authorized or directed by the court. 101

(g) Any person making an affidavit required under the 102 provisions of this section who knowingly swears falsely in 103 the affidavit or any person who counsels or advises, aids or 104 abets another in the commission of false swearing under 105 this section is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon convic-106 tion thereof, shall be fined not more than one thousand 107 dollars or confined in the county or regional jail for a 108 period of not more than one year, or both. 109

(h) Any person who provides a voter assistance in voting 110 an absent voter's ballot in the office of the official desig-111 nated to supervise and conduct absentee voting who is not 112 qualified or permitted by this section to provide assistance 113 is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, 114 115 shall be fined not more than one thousand dollars or 116 imprisoned in the county or regional jail for a period of not 117 more than one year, or both.

(i) Any official designated to supervise and conduct 118 absentee voting, election commissioner or poll clerk who 119 authorizes or allows a voter to receive or to have received 120 unchallenged assistance in voting an absent voter's ballot 121 when the voter is known to the official designated to 122 supervise and conduct absentee voting or election commis-123 sioner or poll clerk not to be or have been authorized by 124 the provisions of this section to receive or to have received 125 assistance in voting is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon 126 conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than one 127 thousand dollars or imprisoned in the county or regional 128 jail for a period of not more than one year, or both. 129

(j) The term "physical disability" as used in this section
means blindness or a degree of blindness as will prevent
the voter from seeing the names on the ballot or amputation of both hands or a disability of both hands that
neither can be used to make cross marks on the absent
voter's ballot.

§3-3-7. Delivery of absentee ballots to polling places.

(a) Except as otherwise provided in this article, in 1 2 counties in which the clerk of the county commission has 3 determined that the absentee ballots should be counted at 4 the precincts in which the absent voters are registered, the 5 absentee ballots of each precinct, together with the 6 applications for the absentee ballots, the affidavits made 7 in connection with assistance in voting, and any forms, 8 lists and records as may be designated by the secretary of 9 state, are to be delivered in a sealed carrier envelope to the 10 election commissioner of the precinct at the time he or she 11 picks up the official ballots and other election supplies as 12 provided in section twenty-four, article one of this chapter.

(b) For optical scan voting systems, all ballots voted
before the precinct supplies are delivered to the precinct
supply commissioner are to be deposited in the ballot box.
The ballots deposited in the ballot box shall be counted
and merged with the election day ballots at the counting
center on election night.

19 (c) Absentee ballots received after the election commissioner has picked up the official ballots and other election 20 21 supplies for the precinct are to be delivered to the election commissioner of the precinct who has been designated 22 pursuant to section twenty-four, article one of this chapter, 23 by the official designated to supervise and conduct absen-24 tee voting in person, or by messenger, before the closing of 25 26 the polls, provided the ballots are received by the official in time to make the delivery. Any ballots received by the 27 official after the time that delivery may reasonably be 28 made but within the time required as provided in subsec-29 tion (g), section five of this article, are to be delivered to 30 the board of canvassers along with the challenged ballots. 31

§3-3-8. Disposition and counting of absent voters' ballots.

(a) All absentee ballots voted must be deposited in the
 absentee ballot box. The ballots deposited in the ballot
 box must be counted and merged with the election day
 ballots at the counting center on election night or, at the

option of the clerk of the county commission, be delivered
for counting at the precinct in which the absent voter is
registered to vote, as provided in section seven of this
article.

(b) The county clerk shall appoint at least one team of 9 five absentee ballot counting commissioners. The composi-10 tion of each team shall consist of the same combination of 11 election officials as provided for a counting board in 12 subdivision (3), subsection (a), section twenty-nine, article 13 one of this chapter. The absentee ballot counting commis-14 sioners must count the absentee ballots at the counting 15 center as follows: 16

(1) Immediately after the closing of the polls on election
day the absentee ballot counting commissioners, in the
presence of each other, shall open the ballot box in which
are enclosed the absent voters' ballots.

21 (2) After the ballot box has been opened, each of the 22 absentee ballot counting commissioners shall examine each 23 of the mail-in sealed absent voter's ballot envelopes no. 2 contained therein, as well as the information contained 24 25 thereon, the application for such ballot, the affidavits, 26 records and lists, if any, made, prepared or authorized under the provisions of this article which relate thereto 27 and make a decision as to each ballot whether a challenge 28 is or is not to be made to such ballot. The appropriate 29 form indicating the challenge shall be completed as to each 30 ballot challenged by one or more of the absentee ballot 31 counting commissioners. Each ballot challenged shall 32 remain sealed in absent voter's ballot envelope no. 2 and be 33 deposited in the box or envelope for challenged ballots. 34

(3) The absentee ballot counting commissioners shall
next determine whether any challenge has been made to
any absent voter's ballot by any registered voter in the
county under the provisions of section nine of this article.
Each such ballot challenged shall remain sealed in absent
voter's ballot envelope no. 2 and be deposited in the box or
envelope for challenged ballots.

(4) The absentee ballot counting commissioners, in the
presence of each other, shall then open, in a manner as not
to deface or destroy the information thereon, all of the
mail-in absent voter's ballot envelopes no. 2 which contain
ballots not challenged and remove therefrom the absent
voter's ballot envelopes no. 1. These envelopes shall then
be shuffled and intermingled.

49 (5) The absentee ballot counting commissioners, in the 50 presence of each other, shall next open all of the absent 51 voter's ballot envelopes no. 1 and remove the ballots 52 therefrom. The absentee ballot counting commissioners 53 who are poll clerks shall write their names on the back of 54 each of such ballots in the same manner as other ballots 55 are required to be endorsed by the poll clerks at precinct voting. The absentee ballot counting commissioners who 56 57 are poll clerks shall then indicate with the letter "a" in the 58 appropriate place on the registration record the fact that the voter had voted by absent voter's ballot in that election 59 and shall enter the absent voter's name on the pollbook. 60

61 (6) The absentee ballot counting commissioners shall
62 next count the mail-in and in-person absentee ballots and
63 enter the totals onto the precinct election records.

64 (7) The challenged ballots shall be deposited in a chal-65 lenged ballot envelope and delivered to the board of66 canvassers.

67 (c) Any election official who determines a person has 68 voted an absent voter's ballot and has also voted at the 69 polls on election day must report the fact to the prosecut-

70 ing attorney of the county in which the votes were cast.

§3-3-11. Preparation, number and handling of absent voters' ballots.

- 1 (a) Absent voters' ballots are to be in all respects like
- 2 other ballots. Not less than seventy days before the date
- 3 on which any primary, general or special election is to be
- $4 \cdot$ held, unless a lesser number of days is provided for in any

specific election law in which case the lesser number of 5 days applies, the clerks of the circuit courts of the several 6 counties shall estimate and determine the number of 7 absent voters' ballots of all kinds which will be required in 8 their respective counties for that election. The ballots for 9 the election of all officers, or the ratification, acceptance 10 or rejection of any measure, proposition or other public 11 question to be voted on by the voters, are to be prepared 12 and printed under the direction of the board of ballot 13 commissioners constituted as provided in article one of this 14 chapter. The several county boards of ballot commission-15 ers shall prepare and have printed, in the number they may 16 determine, absent voters' ballots that are to be printed 17 under their directions as provided in this chapter and those 18 ballots are to be delivered to the clerk of the circuit court 19 of the county not less than forty-two days before the day 20 of the election at which they are to be used. Before any 21 ballot is mailed or delivered, the clerk of the circuit court 22 23 shall affix his or her official seal and he or she and the other members of the board of ballot commissioners shall 24 25 place their signatures near the lower left-hand corner on 26 the back of the ballot. The clerks of the circuit courts are 27 authorized to have their signatures affixed by a facsimile printed on the back of absentee ballots, by a facsimile 28 29 signature stamp or by signing their original signatures. An absent voter's ballot not containing the seal and signatures 30 shall be challenged. If an accurate accounting is made for 31 all ballots and applications in that precinct and no other 32 valid challenge exists against the voter, the ballot shall be 33 34 counted at the canvas.

(b) The official designated to supervise and conduct 35 absentee voting shall be primarily responsible for the 36 mailing, receiving, delivering and otherwise handling of all 37 absent voters' ballots. He or she shall keep a record, as 38 may be prescribed by the secretary of state, of all ballots so 39 delivered for the purpose of absentee voting, as well as all 40 ballots, if any, marked before him or her and shall deliver 41 to the commissioner of election a certificate stating the 42

number of ballots delivered or mailed to absent voters and
those marked before him or her, if any, and the names of
the voters to whom those ballots have been delivered or
mailed or by whom they have been marked, if marked
before him or her.

ARTICLE 4. VOTING MACHINES.

§3-4-10. Ballot labels, instructions and other supplies; vacancy changes; procedure and requirements.

1 (a) The ballot commissioners of any county in which 2 voting machines are to be used in any election shall cause 3 to be printed for use in the election the ballot labels for the 4 voting machines and paper ballots for absentee voting, voting by persons unable to use the voting machine and 5 challenged ballots, or if an electronic voting system or 6 direct recording election equipment is to be used in an 7 8 election, the ballot commissioners shall comply with requirements of section eleven, article four-a of this 9 10 chapter. The labels shall be clearly printed in black ink on clear white material of such size as will fit the ballot 11 12 frames. The paper ballots shall be printed in compliance 13 with the provisions of this chapter governing paper ballots.

14 (b) The heading, the names and arrangement of offices 15 and the printing and arrangement of names of the candidates for each office indicated must be placed on the ballot 16 17 for the primary election as nearly as possible according to 18 the provisions of sections thirteen and thirteen-a, article five of this chapter, and for the general election according 19 to the provisions of section two, article six of this chapter: 20 21 *Provided*, That the staggering of the names of candidates in multicandidate races and the instructions to straight 22 23 ticket voters prescribed by section two, article six of this chapter shall appear on paper ballots but shall not appear 24 on ballot labels for voting machines which mechanically 25 26 control crossover voting.

27 (c) Each question to be voted on must be placed at the28 end of the ballot and must be printed according to the

29 provisions of the laws and regulations governing the question.

(d) The ballot labels printed must total in number one 30 and one-half times the total number of corresponding 31 voting machines to be used in the several precincts of the 32 county in the election. All the labels must be delivered to 33 the clerk of the circuit court at least twenty-eight days 34 prior to the day of the election. The clerk of the circuit 35 court shall determine the number of paper ballots needed 36 for absentee voting and to supply the precincts for chal-37 lenged ballots and ballots to be cast by persons unable to 38 use the voting machine. All required paper ballots shall be 39 delivered to the clerk of the circuit court at least forty-two 40 days prior to the day of the election. 41

(e) When the ballot labels and absentee ballots are 42 delivered, the clerk of the circuit court shall examine them 43 for accuracy, assure that the appropriate ballots and ballot 44 labels are designated for each voting precinct, and deliver 45 46 the ballot labels to the clerk of the county commission, 47 who shall insert one set in each machine prior to the 48 inspection of the machines as prescribed in section twelve 49 of this article. The remainder of the ballot labels for each machine shall be retained by the clerk of the county 50 51 commission for use in an emergency.

52 (f) In addition to all other equipment and supplies required by the provisions of this article, the ballot com-53 missioners shall cause to be printed a supply of instruction 54 cards, sample ballots and facsimile diagrams of the voting 55 machine ballot adequate for the orderly conduct of the 56 election in each precinct in their county. In addition, they 57 shall provide appropriate facilities for the reception and 58 safekeeping of the ballots of absent voters and of chal-59 lenged voters and of such "independent" voters who shall, 60 in primary elections, cast their votes on nonpartisan 61 candidates and public questions submitted to the voters. 62

§3-4-20. Recording and disposition of absent voters' ballots.

1 The recording and disposition of absent voters' ballots

2 shall be governed by the provisions of article three of this

3 chapter.

ARTICLE 4A. ELECTRONIC VOTING SYSTEMS.

§3-4A-3. Procedure for adopting electronic voting systems.

An electronic voting system that has been approved in accordance with section eight of this article may be adopted for use in general, primary and special elections in any county by either of the following procedures and not otherwise:

6 (1) By a majority of the members of the county commis-7 sion voting to adopt the same at a special public meeting 8 called for the purpose of said adoption, with due notice thereof published as a Class II-0 legal advertisement in 9 compliance with the provisions of article three, chapter 10 fifty-nine of this code and the publication area for such 11 12 publication shall be the county involved: Provided, That 13 such meeting shall be held not less than six months prior to a general election or six months prior to a primary 14 election. If at such meeting such county commission shall 15 enter an order of its intention to adopt the use of an 16 electronic voting system, it shall thereafter forthwith cause 17 to be published a certified copy of such order as a Class II-18 0 legal advertisement in compliance with the provisions of 19 20 article three, chapter fifty-nine of this code and the publication area for such publication shall be the county 21 involved. The first publication of such order shall not be 22 less than twenty days after the entry of such order. Such 23 county commission shall not adopt the use of an electronic 24 voting system until eighty-five days after the entry of such 25 order of its intention to adopt the same. Promptly after the 26 expiration of eighty-five days after the entry of such order 27 of intention to adopt the use of an electronic voting system, 28 if no petition has theretofore been filed with such county 29 commission requesting a referendum on the question of 30 adoption of an electronic voting system as hereinafter 31

provided, such county commission shall enter a final order adopting the electronic voting system and the electronic 32 33 voting system shall thereby be adopted.

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If five percent or more of the registered voters of such county shall sign a petition requesting that an electronic 35 voting system be not adopted for use in such county and 36 such petition be filed with the county commission of such 37 38 county within eighty-five days after the entry of such order 39 of intention to adopt the use of an electronic voting system, 40 such county commission shall submit to the voters of such 41 county at the next general or primary election, whichever 42 shall first occur, the question: "Shall an electronic voting 43 system be adopted in _____ County?" If this question 44 be answered in the affirmative by a majority of the voters 45 in such election upon the question, an electronic voting 46 system shall thereby be adopted. If such question shall not 47 be answered in the affirmative by such majority, the use of 48 an electronic voting system shall not be adopted. 49

50 (2) By the affirmative vote of a majority of the voters of such county voting upon the question of the adoption of an 51 52 electronic voting system in such county. If five percent or 53 more of the registered voters of such county shall sign a 54 petition requesting the adoption of an electronic voting 55 system for use in such county and such petition be filed 56 with the county commission of such county, such county 57 commission shall submit to the voters of such county at the 58 next general or primary election the question: "Shall an electronic voting system be adopted in _ 59 County?" If this question be answered in the affirmative 60 by a majority of the voters of such county voting upon the 61 62 question, an electronic voting system shall thereby be 63 adopted. If such question shall not be answered in the affirmative by such majority, the use of an electronic 64 65 voting system shall not be adopted: Provided, That nothing in this section shall be construed to affect or 66 invalidate the adoption of any electronic voting system by 67 any county in accordance with applicable law prior to the 68

effective date of this section: *Provided, however*, That the
amendments to this section adopted during the regular
session of the Legislature in the year two thousand two
apply to any county commission which is in the process of
adopting an electronic voting system on the effective date
of the amendments.

§3-4A-19a. Form of ballots; requiring the signatures of poll clerks; prohibiting the counting of votes cast on ballots without signatures.

1 (a) Where applicable, every ballot utilized during the 2 course of any electronic voting system election conducted 3 under the provisions of this article is to have two lines for 4 the signatures of the poll clerks. Both of the signature lines are to be printed on a portion of the ballot where 5 6 votes are not recorded by perforation or marking, but 7 which portion is an actual part of the ballot deposited in the ballot box after the voter has perforated or marked his 8 or her ballot and after the ballot stub has been removed. 9 Each of the two poll clerks shall sign his or her name on 10 one of the designated lines provided on each ballot before 11

12 any ballot is distributed to a voter.

13 (b) After a voter has signed the pollbook, as required in section nineteen of this article, the two poll clerks shall 14 deliver a ballot to the voter, which ballot has been signed 15 by each of the two poll clerks as provided in this section: 16 Provided, That where an electronic voting system that 17 utilizes screens upon which votes may be recorded by 18 means of a stylus or by means of touch, an election com-19 missioner shall accompany the voter to the voting device 20 and shall activate the device for voting. 21

(c) Any ballot which does not contain the proper signatures shall be challenged. If an accurate accounting is
made for all ballots in the precinct in which the ballot was
voted and no other challenge exists against the voter, the
ballot shall be counted at the canvas.

§3-4A-21. Absent voter ballots; issuance, processing and tabulation.

(a) Absentee voters shall cast their votes on absent voter
 ballots.

(b) If absentee voters are deemed eligible to vote in 3 person at the office of the official designated to supervise 4 and conduct absentee voting, in accordance with the 5 provisions of article three of this chapter, the official for 6 each county shall provide a vote recording device or other 7 means, as may be appropriate for votes recorded by 8 electronically sensible ink or pencil, or by means of a stylus 9 or by means of touch, for the use of the absentee voters. 10 Notwithstanding any provision of article three of this 11 chapter to the contrary, any voter who desires to vote by 12 absentee ballot in a county using an electronic voting 13 system with a screen upon which votes are recorded by 14 means of a stylus or by means of touch shall complete an 15 application prescribed by the secretary of state which is to 16 17 be processed in the manner otherwise prescribed by law, 18 except that the official designated to supervise and 19 conduct absentee voting shall deliver a copy of the applica-20 tion to each polling place. No voter who votes in person by 21 absentee ballot may vote in person on the date of the 22 election.

(c) For all absentee voters considered eligible to vote an
absent voter's ballot by mail, in accordance with the
provisions of article three of this chapter, the official
designated to supervise and conduct absentee voting for
each county shall prepare and issue an absent voter ballot
packet consisting of the following:

29 (1) One official absent voter ballot;

30 (2) One punching tool for perforating or a device for
31 marking by electronically sensible pen or ink, as may be
32 appropriate;

(3) If a punching tool is to be utilized, one disposable
styrofoam block to be placed behind the ballot card for
voting purposes and to be discarded after use by the voter;

36 (4) One absent voter instruction ballot;

(5) One absent voter's ballot envelope no. 1, unsealed,
which may have no writing on it and which is to be
identical to the secrecy envelope used for placement of
ballots at the polls; and

(6) One absent voter's ballot envelope no. 2, marked with
the proper precinct number and providing a place on its
seal for the absent voter to affix his or her signature. The
envelope is also to contain the forms and instructions as
provided in section five, article three of this chapter
relating to the absentee voting of proper ballots.

(d) Upon receipt of an absent voter's ballot by mail, the
voter shall mark the ballot with the punch tool or marking
device, whichever is appropriate, and the voter may receive
assistance in voting his or her absent voter's ballot in
accordance with the provisions of section six, article three
of this chapter.

53 (e) After the voter has voted his or her absent voter's 54 ballot, he or she shall: (1) Enclose the ballot in absent voter's ballot envelope no. 1, and seal that envelope; (2) 55 enclose sealed absent voter's ballot envelope no. 1 in 56 absent voter's ballot envelope no. 2; (3) complete and sign 57 the forms, if any, on absent voter's ballot envelope no. 2 58 according to the instructions on the envelope; and (4) mail, 59 postage prepaid, sealed absent voter's ballot envelope no. 60 2 to the official designated to supervise and conduct 61 62 absentee voting for the county in which he or she is 63 registered to vote, unless the voter has appeared in person, in which event he or she shall hand deliver the sealed 64 absent voter's ballot envelope no. 2 to the official. 65

66 (f) Upon receipt of the sealed envelope, the official 67 designated to supervise and conduct absentee voting shall:

(1) Enter onto the envelope any information as may be required of him or her according to the instructions on the 68 envelope; (2) enter his or her challenge, if any, to the absent 69 70 voter's ballot; (3) enter the required information into a 71 record of persons making application for and voting an 72 absent voter's ballot by personal appearance or by mail on 73 a form prescribed by the secretary of state; and (4) place 74 the sealed envelope in a secure location in his or her office, 75 there to remain until after the close of the polling place on 76 election day in accordance with the provisions of this 77 article or, in case of a challenged ballot, to the county 78 commission sitting as a board of canvassers. 79

(g) Notwithstanding any provision of article three of this
chapter to the contrary, no voter who has voted by absentee ballot in accordance with the provisions of article three
of this chapter, or otherwise as provided by law, in a
county using an electronic voting system with screens upon
which votes are recorded by means of a stylus or by means
of touch may vote in person on the date of the election.

87 (h) The absentee ballot counting commissioners shall, at 88 the close of the polls, proceed to determine the legality of 89 the ballots as prescribed in article three of this chapter. 90 The absentee ballot counting commissioners shall then 91 open all of the absent voter's ballot envelopes no. 2 which 92 contain ballots not challenged and remove from the envelopes the absent voter's ballot envelopes no. 1. These 93 94 ballot envelopes no. 1 are then to be shuffled and intermingled. The absentee ballot counting commissioners, in the 95 presence of each other, shall next open all of the absent 96 voter's ballot envelopes no. 1 and remove the ballots from 97 98 the envelopes. The absentee ballot counting commissioners who are poll clerks shall then affix their signatures to the 99 ballots as provided in section nineteen-a of this article. 100 101 The commissioners shall then insert each ballot into a secrecy envelope identical to the secrecy envelopes used for 102 103 the placement of ballots of voters who are voting in person at the polls and shall deposit the ballot in the ballot box. 104

105 The requirement that two poll clerks sign a ballot accord-

106 ing to this subsection is a mandatory duty and is not to be 107 construed as merely directory.

(i) In the course of an election contest, if it is established
that a ballot does not contain the two signatures required
by this section, the ballot is null, void and of no effect and
may not be counted. The requirement that a ballot not be
counted if it does not meet the requirements of this section
is mandatory and not to be construed as merely directory.

ARTICLE 5. PRIMARY ELECTIONS AND NOMINATING PROCEDURES.

§3-5-13. Form and contents of ballots and ballot labels.

1 The face of every primary election ballot shall conform

2 as nearly as practicable to that used at the general election.

3 (a) The heading of every ballot is to be printed in display type. The heading is to contain a ballot title, the name of 4 5 the county, the state, the words "Primary Election" and the month, day and year of the election. The ballot title of 6 the political party ballots is to contain the words "Official 7 Ballot of the (Name) Party" and the official symbol of the 8 political party may be included in the heading. The ballot 9 title of any separate paper ballot or portion of any elec-10 tronic or voting machine ballot for the board of education 11 is to contain the words "Nonpartisan Ballot of Election of 12 Members of the _____ County Board of Educa-13 tion". The districts for which less than two candidates 14 may be elected and the number of available seats are to be 15 specified and the names of the candidates are to be printed 16 without reference to political party affiliation and without 17 designation as to a particular term of office. Any other 18 ballot or portion of a ballot on a question is to have a 19 20 heading which clearly states the purpose of the election 21 according to the statutory requirements for that question.

(b) (1) For paper ballots, the heading of the ballot is to be
separated from the rest of the ballot by heavy lines and the
offices shall be arranged in columns with the following

headings, from left to right across the ballot: "National Ticket", "State Ticket", "County Ticket" and, in a presidential election year, "National Convention" or, in a nonpresidential election year, "District Ticket". The columns are to be separated by heavy lines. Within the columns, the offices are to be arranged in the order prescribed in section thirteen-a of this article.

(2) For voting machines, electronic voting devices and 32 any ballot tabulated by electronic means, the offices are to 33 appear in the same sequence as prescribed in section 34 thirteen-a of this article and under the same headings as 35 prescribed in subsection (a) of this section. The number of 36 37 pages, columns or rows, where applicable, may be modified to meet the limitations of ballot size and composition 38 39 requirements subject to approval by the secretary of state.

40 (3) The title of each office is to be separated from preceding offices or candidates by a line and is to be printed in 41 bold type no smaller than eight point. Below the office is 42 43 to be printed the number of the district, if any, the number of the division, if any, and the words "Vote for _ 44 with the number to be nominated or elected or "Vote For 45 Not More Than ______" in multicandidate elections. For 46 offices in which there are limitations relating to the 47 48 number of candidates which may be nominated, elected or appointed to or hold office at one time from a political 49 subdivision within the district or county in which they are 50 elected, there is to be a clear explanation of the limitation, 51 as prescribed by the secretary of state, printed in bold type 52 immediately preceding the names of the candidates for 53 those offices on the ballot in every voting system. For 54 counties in which the number of county commissioners 55 56 exceeds three and the total number of members of the county commission is equal to the number of magisterial 57 districts within the county, the office of county commission 58 59 is to be listed separately for each district to be filled with the name of the magisterial district and the words "Vote 60 for One" printed below the name of the office. 61

(c) The location for indicating the voter's choices on the
ballot is to be clearly shown. For paper ballots, other than
those tabulated electronically, the official primary ballot
is to contain a square formed in dark lines at the left of
each name on the ballot, arranged in a perpendicular
column of squares before each column of names.

68 (d) (1) The name of every candidate certified by the 69 secretary of state or the board of ballot commissioners is to 70 be printed in capital letters in no smaller than eight-point 71 type on the ballot for the appropriate precincts. Subject to 72 the rules promulgated by the secretary of state, the name 73 of each candidate is to appear in the form set out by the candidate on the certificate of announcement, but in no 74 75 case may the name misrepresent the identity of the candi-76 date nor may the name include any title, position, rank, 77 degree or nickname implying or inferring any status as a 78 member of a class or group or affiliation with any system 79 of belief.

(2) The city of residence of every candidate, the state of
residence of every candidate residing outside the state, the
county of residence of every candidate for an office on the
ballot in more than one county and the magisterial district
of residence of every candidate for an office subject to
magisterial district limitations are to be printed in lower
case letters beneath the names of the candidates.

87 (3) The arrangement of names within each office must be88 determined as prescribed in section thirteen-a of this89 article.

90 (4) If the number of candidates for an office exceeds the
91 space available on a column or ballot label page and
92 requires that candidates for a single office be separated, to
93 the extent possible, the number of candidates for the office
94 on separate columns or pages are to be nearly equal and
95 clear instructions given the voter that the candidates for
96 the office are continued on the following column or page.

(e) When an insufficient number of candidates has filed 97 for a party to make the number of nominations allowed for 98 the office or for the voters to elect sufficient members to 99 the board of education or to executive committees, the 100 vacant positions on the ballot shall be filled with the words 101 "No Candidate Filed": Provided, That in paper ballot 102 systems which allow for write-ins to be made directly on 103 the ballot, a blank line shall be placed in any vacant 104 position in the office of board of education or for election 105 to any party executive committee. A line shall separate 106 each candidate from every other candidate for the same 107 office. Notwithstanding any other provision of this code, if 108 there are multiple vacant positions on a ballot for one 109 office, the multiple vacant positions which would other-110 wise be filled with the words "No Candidate Filed" may be 111 replaced with a brief detailed description, approved by the 112 secretary of state, indicating that there are no candidates 113 114 listed for the vacant positions.

(f) In presidential election years, the words "For election
in accordance with the plan adopted by the party and filed
with the secretary of state" is to be printed following the
names of all candidates for delegate to national convention.

(g) All paper ballots are to be printed in black ink on
paper sufficiently thick so that the printing or marking
cannot be discernible from the back. Ballot cards and
paper for printing ballots using electronically sensible ink
are to meet minimum requirements of the tabulating
systems.

(h) Electronically tabulated ballots and ballot cards are 126 to contain perforated tabs at the top of the ballots and are 127 to be printed with unique sequential numbers from one to 128 the highest number representing the total number of 129 ballots or ballot cards printed. On paper ballots, the ballot 130 is to be bordered by a solid line at least one sixteenth of an 131 inch wide, and the ballot is to be trimmed to within 132 one-half inch of that border. 133

(i) On the back of every official ballot or ballot card the
words "Official Ballot" with the name of the county and
the date of the election are to be printed. Beneath the date
of the election there are to be two blank lines followed by
the words "Poll Clerks".

(j) Absent voters' ballots are to be in all respects like
other official ballots except that three blank lines are to be
printed on the back of the ballot or ballot card in the lower
left corner with the words "Ballot Commissioners" printed
underneath.

(k) The face of sample paper ballots and sample ballot
labels are to be like other official ballots or ballot labels
except that the word "sample" is to be prominently printed
across the front of the ballot in a manner that ensures the
names of candidates are not obscured and the word
"sample" may be printed in red ink. No printing may be
placed on the back of the sample.

ARTICLE 6. CONDUCT AND ADMINISTRATION OF ELECTIONS.

§3-6-2. Preparation and form of general election ballots.

1 (a) All ballots prepared under the provisions of this 2 section are to contain:

3 (1) The name and ticket of each party which is a political
4 party under the provisions of section eight, article one of
5 this chapter;

6 (2) The name chosen as the party name by each group of
7 citizens which has secured nomination for two or more
8 candidates by petition under the provisions of section
9 twenty-three of this article;

(3) The names of every candidate for any office to be
voted for at the election whose nomination in the primary
election, nomination by petition or nomination by appointment to fill a vacancy on the ballot has been certified and
filed according to law and no others.

(b) The provisions of subdivision (3), subsection (b);
subsection (c); subdivisions (1) and (2), subsection (d); and
subsections (g), (h), (i), (j) and (k), section thirteen of article
five pertaining to the preparation and form of primary
election ballots shall likewise apply to general election
ballots.

(c) (1) For all ballot systems, the ballot heading is to be
in display type and contain the words "Official Ballot,
General Election" and the name of the county and the
month, day and year of the election.

(2) After the heading, each ballot is to contain, laid out 25 in parallel columns, rows or pages as required by the 26 particular voting system, the party emblem, the position 27 for straight party voting for each party and the name of 28 each party as prescribed in subsection (a) of this section. 29 On paper ballots, the position for straight party voting is 30 to be a heavy circle, three-fourths inch in diameter, 31 surrounded by the words "For a straight ticket mark 32 33 within this circle" printed in bold six-point type. On all 34 other ballots or ballot labels, the positions for straight 35 party voting is to be marked "Straight Party Ticket". For 36 ballots tabulated electronically, the secretary of state shall 37 prescribe a uniform number for the straight ticket position 38 for each party.

39 (3) The party whose candidate for president received the 40 highest number of votes at the last preceding presidential 41 election is to be placed in the left, or first column, row or page, as is appropriate to the voting system. The party 42 43 which received the second highest vote is to be next and so 44 on. Any groups or third parties which did not have a candidate for president on the ballot in the previous 45 presidential election are to be placed in the sequence in 46 which the final certificates of nomination by petition were 47 48 filed.

49 (4) (A) Except for lever machine ballot labels, the following general instructions for straight party voters are 50 51 to be printed in no smaller than eight-point bold type: "IF 52 YOU MARKED A STRAIGHT TICKET: When you mark any individual candidate in a different party, that vote will 53 override your straight party vote for that office. When you 54 mark any individual candidate in a different party for an 55 56 office where more than one will be elected, YOU MUST MARK EACH OF YOUR CHOICES FOR THAT OFFICE 57 because your straight ticket vote will not be counted for 58 that office". The last sentence of the instructions may not 59 be included on any ballot which does not contain any 60 61 office or division where more than one candidate will be elected. 62

63 On paper ballots, the general instructions are to be placed below the party name and across the top of all 64 columns, followed by a heavy line separating them from 65 the rest of the ballot. On ballots marked with electroni-66 cally sensible ink and on ballot labels for voting devices in 67 punch card systems, the general instructions are to be 68 69 placed after the position for straight voting and before any office. 70

71 (B) Except for lever machine ballot labels, the following 72 specific instructions are to be printed on the ballot for any 73 partisan election for an office or division to which more 74 than one candidate is to be elected: "If you marked a straight ticket and you mark any candidate in a different 75 76 party for this office, you must mark all your choices for this office because your straight ticket vote will not be 77 78 counted for this office".

On paper ballots, the specific instructions are to be
placed below the office name of any partisan office where
more than one is to be elected and across the top of all
columns for that office before the names of any candidates.

83 On all other ballots and ballot labels, the specific instruc-

tions are to be placed above or to the side of the names of

85 the candidates as the voting system requires.

(5) For all ballots, any columns, rows or sections in which 86 the ticket of one party appears are to be clearly separated 87 from the other columns, rows or sections by a heavy line or 88 other clear division. For each party, the offices are to be 89 arranged in the order prescribed in section thirteen-a, 90 article five of this chapter under the appropriate tickets, 91 which are to be headed "National Ticket", "State Ticket" 92 and "County Ticket". The number of pages, columns or 93 rows, where applicable, may be modified to meet the 94 limitations of ballot size and composition requirements, 95 subject to approval by the secretary of state. 96

97 (d) The arrangement of names within each office for all98 ballot systems is to be as follows:

99 (1) In elections for presidential electors, the names of the
100 candidates for president and vice president of each party
101 are to be placed beside a brace with a single voting posi102 tion, so that a vote for any presidential candidate is a vote
103 for the electors of the party for which the candidates were
104 named.

(2) The order of names of candidates for any office or
division for which more than one is to be elected is determined as prescribed in section thirteen-a, article five of
this chapter: *Provided*, That the drawing by lot is to be
conducted on the seventieth day next preceding the date of
the general election, beginning at 9:00 a.m.

(3) Except invoting machine systems, in any office where more than one person is to be elected, the names of the candidates for the office are to be staggered so that no two candidates for that office appear directly opposite any other candidate, as shown in the example below:

116	12	
117 118 119 120	For House of Delegates First Delegate District (Vote For Not More Than Two)	For House of Delegates First Delegate District (Vote For Not More Than Two)
121 122 123	SUSAN B. ANTHONY City (County)	
124 125 126		JOHN ADAMS City (County)
127 128 129	ABRAHAM LINCOLN City (County)	
130 131 132		JAMES MONROE City (County)

(4) Each voting system is to provide a means for voters to
vote for any person whose name does not appear on the
ticket by writing it with pen or pencil or by using stamps,
stickers, tapes, labels or other means of writing in the
name of a candidate which does not interfere with the
tabulation of the ballot.

(A) In paper ballot systems which allow for write-ins to
be made directly on the ballot, a blank square and a blank
line equal to the space which would be occupied by the
name of the candidate is to be placed under the proper
office for each vacancy in nomination and for an office for
which more than one is to be elected, any vacancy is to
appear after any other candidates for the office.

(B) In machine and electronically tabulated ballot
systems in which write-in votes must be made in a place
other than on the ballot label, if there is a vacancy in
nominationleavingfewer candidates in any party than can
be elected to that office, the words "No Candidate Nominated" is to be printed in the space that would be occupied

by the name of the candidate and for an office for which 152 more than one is to be elected, any such vacancy is to 153 appear after any other candidates for the office. Notwith-154 standing any other provision of this code, if there are 155 multiple vacant positions on a ballot for one office, the 156 multiple vacant positions which would otherwise be filled 157 with the words "No Candidate Filed" may be replaced 158 with a brief detailed description, approved by the secretary 159 of state, indicating that there are no candidates listed for 160 the vacant positions. 161

(5) In a general election in any county in which unexpired terms of the board of education are to be filled by
election, a separate section or page of the ballot is to be set
off by means clearly separating the nonpartisan ballot
from the ballot for the political party candidates and is to
be headed "Nonpartisan Board of Education".

(e) Any constitutional amendment is to be placed following all offices, followed by any other issue upon which the
voters are to cast a vote. The heading for each amendment
or issue is to be printed in large, bold type according to the
requirements of the resolution authorizing the election.

(f) The board of ballot commissioners may not place any
issue on the ballot for election which is not specifically
authorized under the West Virginia constitution or statutes
or which has not been properly ordered by the appropriate
governmental body charged with calling the election.

§3-6-4a. Filing requirements for write-in candidates.

Any eligible person who seeks to be elected by write-in votes to an office, except delegate to national convention, which is to be filled in a primary, general or special election held under the provisions of this chapter shall file a write-in candidate's certificate of announcement as provided in this section. No certificate of announcement may be accepted and no person may be certified as a write-

8 in candidate for a political party nomination for any office 9 or for election as delegate to national convention. 10 (a) The write-in candidate's certificate of announcement shall be in a form prescribed by the secretary of state on 11 which the candidate shall make a sworn statement before 12 13 a notary public or other officer authorized to give oaths, 14 containing the following information: 15 (1) The name of the office sought and the district and 16 division, if any; 17 (2) The legal name of the candidate and the first and last name by which the candidate may be identified in seeking 18 19 the office: 20 (3) The specific address designating the location at which 21 the candidate resides at the time of filing, including number and street or rural route and box number and city, 22 23 state and zip code; 24 (4) A statement that the person filing the certificate of announcement is a candidate for the office in good faith; 25 26 and (5) The words "subscribed and sworn to before me this 27 _____ day of _____, ___, and a space for the 28 signature of the officer giving the oath. 29 30 (b) The certificate of announcement shall be filed with 31 the filing officer for the political division of the office as prescribed in section seven, article five of this chapter. 32 33 (c) The certificate of announcement shall be filed with and received by the proper filing officer as follows: 34 (1) Except as provided in subdivisions (2) and (3) of this 35 subsection, the certificate of announcement for any office 36 shall be received no later than the close of business on the 37 fourteenth day before the election at which the office is to 38

39 be filled;

(2) When a vacancy occurs in the nomination of candi-40 dates for an office on the ballot resulting from the death of 41 the nominee or from the disqualification or removal of a 42 nominee from the ballot by a court of competent jurisdic-43 tion not earlier than the twenty-first day nor later than the 44 fifth day before the general election, the certificate shall be 45 received no later than the close of business on the fifth day 46 before the election or the close of business on the day 47 following the occurrence of the vacancy, whichever is later; 48

(3) When a vacancy occurs in an elective office which 49 would not otherwise appear on the ballot in the election, 50 51 but which creates an unexpired term of one or more years 52 which, according to the provisions of this chapter, is to be 53 filled by election in the next ensuing election, and such vacancy occurs no earlier than the twenty-first day and no 54 later than the fifth day before the general election, the 55 certificate shall be received no later than the close of 56 business on the fifth day before the election or the close of 57 business on the day following the occurrence of the 58 vacancy, whichever is later. 59

(d) Any eligible person who files a completed write-in
candidate's certificate of announcement with the proper
filing officer within the required time shall be certified by
that filing officer as an official write-in candidate:

64 (1) The secretary of state shall, immediately following
65 the filing deadline, post the names of all official write-in
66 candidates for offices on the ballot in more than one
67 county and certify the name of each official write-in
68 candidate to the clerks of the circuit court of the appropri69 ate counties.

(2) The clerk of the circuit court shall, immediately following the filing deadline, post the names of all official write-in candidates for offices on the ballot in one county and certify and deliver to the election officials of the appropriate precincts the names of all official write-in candidates and the office sought by each for statewide,

76 district and county offices on the ballot in the precinct for

77 which valid write-in votes will be counted.

§3-6-6. Ballot counting procedures in paper ballot systems.

1 When the polls are closed in an election precinct where 2 only a single election board has served, the receiving board 3 shall perform all of the duties prescribed in this section. 4 When the polls are closed in an election precinct where two election boards have served, both the receiving and 5 counting boards shall together conclude the counting of 6 7 the votes cast, the tabulating and summarizing of the 8 number of the votes cast, unite in certifying and attesting to the returns of the election and join in making out the 9 certificates of the result of the election provided for in this 10 11 article. They shall not adjourn until the work is completed.

In all election precincts, as soon as the polls are closed
and the last voter has voted, the receiving board shall
proceed to ascertain the result of the election in the
following manner:

16 (a) In counties in which the clerk of the county commis-17 sion has determined that the absentee ballots should be 18 counted at the precincts in which the absent voters are 19 registered, the receiving board must first process the absentee ballots and deposit the ballots to be counted in 20 21 the ballot box. The receiving board shall then proceed as 22 provided in subsections (b) and (c) of this section. In 23 counties in which the absentee ballots are counted at the 24 central counting center, the receiving board shall proceed 25 as provided in subsections (b) and (c) of this section.

(b) The receiving board shall ascertain from the
pollbooks and record on the proper form the total number
of voters who have voted. The number of ballots challenged shall be counted and subtracted from the total,
which result should equal the number of ballots deposited
in the ballot box. The commissioners and clerks shall also

32 report, over their signatures, the number of ballots spoiled33 and the number of ballots not voted.

(c) The procedure for counting ballots, whether performed throughout the day by the counting board as
provided in section thirty-three, article one of this chapter
or after the close of the polls by the receiving board or by
the two boards together, shall be as follows:

(1) The ballot box shall be opened and all votes shall be
tallied in the presence of the entire election board;

(2) One of the commissioners shall take one ballot from 41 the box at a time and shall determine if the ballot is 42 properly signed by the two poll clerks of the receiving 43 board. If not properly signed, the ballot shall be placed in 44 an envelope for the purpose, without unfolding it. Any 45 ballot which does not contain the proper signatures shall 46 be challenged. If an accurate accounting is made for all 47 ballots in the precinct in which the ballot was voted and no 48 other challenge exists against the voter, the ballot shall be 49 50 counted at the canvas. If properly signed, the commis-51 sioner shall hand the ballot to a team of commissioners of 52 opposite politics, who shall together read the votes marked 53 on the ballot for each office. Write-in votes for election for 54 any person other than an official write-in candidate shall be disregarded. When a voter casts a straight ticket vote 55 56 and also casts a write-in vote for an office, the straight ticket vote for that office shall be rejected whether or not 57 a vote can be counted for a write-in candidate; 58

(3) The commissioner responsible for removing the 59 ballots from the box shall keep a tally of the number of 60 61 ballots as they are removed and whenever the number shall equal the number of voters entered on the pollbook minus 62 the number of challenged ballots, as determined according 63 to subsection (a) of this section, any other ballot found in 64 the ballot box shall be placed in the same envelope with 65 66 unsigned ballots not counted, without unfolding the same or allowing anyone to examine or know the contents 67

thereof, and the number of excess ballots shall be recordedon the envelope;

(4) Each poll clerk shall keep an accurate tally of the
votes cast by marking in ink on tally sheets, which shall be
provided for the purpose, so as to show the number of votes

received by each candidate for each office and for andagainst each issue on the ballot; and

(5) When the reading of the votes is completed, the ballotshall be immediately strung on a thread.

ARTICLE 7. CONTESTED ELECTIONS.

§3-7-6. County and district contests; notices; time.

In all cases of contested elections, the county commission
 shall be the judge of the election, qualifications and
 returns of their own members and of all county and district
 officers: *Provided*, That a member of the county commis-

5 sion whose election is being contested may not participate

6 in judging the election, qualifications and returns.

7 A person intending to contest the election of another to any county or district office, including judge of any court 8 9 or any office that shall hereafter be created to be filled by the voters of the county or of any magisterial or other 10 11 district therein, shall, within ten days after the result of the 12 election is certified, give the contestee notice in writing of 13 such intention and a list of the votes he will dispute, with 14 the objections to each, and of the votes rejected for which 15 he will contend. If the contestant objects to the legality of 16 the election or the qualification of the person returned as elected, the notice shall set forth the facts on which such 17 objection is founded. The person whose election is so 18 contested shall, within ten days after receiving such notice, 19 20 deliver to the contestant a like list of the votes he will dispute, with the objections to each, and of the rejected 21 22 votes for which he will contend; and, if he has any objection to the qualification of the contestant, he shall specify 23 24 in writing the facts on which the objection is founded.

Each party shall append to his notice an affidavit that he verily believes the matters and things set forth to be true. If new facts be discovered by either party after he has given notice as aforesaid, he may, within ten days after such discovery, give an additional notice to his adversary, with the specifications and affidavit prescribed in this section.

The provisions of this section apply to all elections, including municipal elections, except that the governing body of the municipality is the judge of any contest of a municipal election.

ARTICLE 8. REGULATION AND CONTROL OF ELECTIONS.

§3-8-4a. Termination of political committees.

1 (a) A political committee may terminate by filing a 2 written request, in accordance with the provisions of 3 section four of this article, and by stating in the request 4 that it will no longer receive any contributions or make 5 any disbursements and that it has no outstanding debts or 6 obligations. At such time, any excess funds of the commit-7 tee may be transferred to a political committee established 8 by the same candidate pursuant to the provisions of section 9 four or five-e of this article.

10 (b) The provisions of this section may not be construed to eliminate or limit the authority of the secretary of state, in 11 consultation with the state election commission, to estab-12 lish procédures for: (1) The determination of insolvency 13 with respect to any political committee; (2) the orderly 14 liquidation of an insolvent political committee and the 15 orderly application of its assets for the reduction of 16 outstanding debts; and (3) the termination of an insolvent 17 political committee after such liquidation and application 18 19 of assets.

(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code, any
political committee which has been terminated within
three years prior to the effective date of the reenactment of

and any

23 this section during the regular session of the Legislature in 24 the year two thousand two, pursuant to a written request 25 made in accordance with the provisions of section four of 26 this article, may file a written request and be authorized 27 by the secretary of state to reestablish the political committee. Any request to reestablish a political committee 28 29 pursuant to the provisions of this subsection must be filed 30 on or before the first day of July, two thousand two. The provisions of this subsection may not be construed to 31 increase the maximum contribution authorized during an 32 election cycle, as provided in section twelve of this article. 33

CHAPTER 8. MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS.

ARTICLE 5. ELECTION, APPOINTMENT, QUALIFICATION AND COMPEN-SATION OF OFFICERS; GENERAL PROVISIONS RELATING TO OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES; ELECTIONS AND PETI-TIONS GENERALLY; CONFLICT OF INTEREST.

PART VII. ELECTIONS AND PETITIONS GENERALLY.

§8-5-13. Integration of municipal elections with system of permanent registration.

- 1 Notwithstanding any charter provision to the contrary,
- 2 it is the duty of each city by charter provision or each
- 3 municipality by ordinance to make provision for integrat-
- 4 ing the conduct of all municipal elections with the system
- 5 of "permanent registration of voters" as provided in article
- 6 two, chapter three of this code.

Enr. Com. Sub. For S. B. No. 196] 56

The Joint Committee on Enrolled Bills hereby certifies that the foregoing bill is correctly enrolled.

Chairman Senate Committee Chairman House Committee

Originated in the Senate.

In effect from passage.

Clerk of the Senate

Clerk of the House of Delegates

alis President of the Senate

Speaker House of Delegates

The within is apploted this the Day of,2002. Governor 0 660 328-0

PRESENTED TO THE

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GOVERNOR 2/7/02 Date 12:10 Time_